

# AEROSPACE MATERIAL SPECIFICATION

AMS5581™

Issued 19 Revised 20

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Superseding AMS5581F

Nickel Alloy, Corrosion- and Heat-Resistant, Seamless or Welded Tubing 62Ni - 21.5Cr - 9.0Mo - 3.7Cb (Nb) Annealed

(Composition similar to UNS N06625)

# RATIONALE

AMS5581G is the result of a Five-Year Review and update of the specification. The revision prohibits unauthorized exceptions (3.7, 4.4.1, 5.2.1, 8.4), updates reporting requirements for composition (3.1.3), revises Condition (3.2) and Fabrication (3.3), updates the requirements for tensile testing including setting a minimum size (3.4.1), updates the Hydrostatic Test to standard method (3.4.3), updates grain size requirement (3.4.5) adds quality and non-destructive test provisions (3.5, 4.2.1, 4.4), requires melter identification (4.4), and allows prior revisions (8.3).

- 1. SCOPE
- 1.1 Form

This specification covers a corrosion- and heat-resistant nickel alloy in the form of two types of tubing.

1.2 Application

This tubing has been used typically for fluid lines requiring high strength and corrosion resistance at temperatures from cryogenic to 1800 °F (982 °C), but usage is not limited to such applications.

1.3 Classification

The tubing covered by this specification is classified as follows:

- Type 1 Seamless and drawn
- Type 2 Welded and drawn
- 1.3.1 Unless a specific type is specified, either Type 1 or Type 2 may be supplied.

TO PLACE A DOCUMENT ORDER:

Tel: 877-606-7323 (inside USA and Canada) Tel: +1 724-776-4970 (outside USA) Fax: 724-776-0790 Email: CustomerService@sae.org http://www.sae.org

For more information on this standard, visit https://www.sae.org/standards/content/AMS5581G/

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# 2. REFERENCES

## 2.1 Applicable Documents

The issue of the following documents in effect on the date of the purchase order forms a part of this specification to the extent specified herein. The supplier may work to a subsequent revision of a document unless a specific document issue is specified. When the referenced document has been cancelled and no superseding document has been specified, the last published issue of that document shall apply.

## 2.1.1 SAE Publications

Available from SAE International, 400 Commonwealth Drive, Warrendale, PA 15096-0001, Tel: 877-606-7323 (inside USA and Canada) or +1 724-776-4970 (outside USA), <u>www.sae.org</u>.

107700	To much line Advances on Matche One of Sections
AMS2807	Identification, Carbon and Low-Alloy Steels, Corrosion- and Heat-Resistant Steels and Alloys, Sheet, Strip, Plate, and Aircraft Tubing
AMS2700	Passivation of Corrosion Resistant Steels
AMS2634	Ultrasonic Inspection of Thin Wall Metal Tubing
AMS2371	Quality Assurance Sampling and Testing, Corrosion and-Heat Resistant Steels and Alloys, Wrought Products and Forging Stock
AMS2269	Chemical Check Analysis Limits, Nickel, Nickel Alloys, and Cobalt Alloys
AMS2263	Tolerances, Nickel, Nickel Alloy, and Cobalt Alloy Tubing

- AS7766 Terms Used in Aerospace Metals Specifications
- 2.1.2 ASTM Publications

Available from ASTM International, 100 Barr Harbor Drive, P.O. Box C700, West Conshohocken, PA 19428-2959, Tel: 610-832-9585, <u>www.astm.org</u>.

- ASTM B751 General Requirements for Nickel and Nickel Alloy Welded Tube
- ASTM B829 General Requirements for Nickel and Nickel Alloys Seamless Pipe and Tube
- ASTM E8/E8M Tension Testing of Metallic Materials
- ASTM E112 Determining Average Grain Size
- ASTM E354 Chemical Analysis of High-Temperature, Electrical, Magnetic, and Other Similar Iron, Nickel, and Cobalt Alloys
- ASTM E1417/E1417M Liquid Penetrant Testing
- 2.2 Definitions

Terms used in AMS are defined in AS7766 and the following:

BORE CONDITIONING: Any mechanical cleaning method that is used in the bore of tubing to improve the final surface appearance, with no resultant change in tubing size beyond the allowable tolerances.

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## 3. TECHNICAL REQUIREMENTS

## 3.1 Composition

Shall conform to the percentages by weight shown in Table 1, determined in accordance with ASTM E354 or by other analytical methods acceptable to purchaser.

Element	Min	Max
Carbon		0.10
Manganese		0.50
Silicon		0.50
Phosphorus		0.015
Sulfur		0.015
Chromium	20.00	23.00
Molybdenum	8.00	10.00
Columbium (Niobium)	3.15	4.15
Titanium (3.1.1)		0.40
Aluminum (3.1.1)		0.40
Cobalt (3.1.2)		1.00
Iron		5.00
Nickel	remainder	

## Table 1 - Composition

- 3.1.1 Shall be present but not in excess of specified maximum.
- 3.1.2 Determination not required for routine acceptance.
- 3.1.3 Producer may test for any element not listed in Table 1 and include this analysis in the report of 4.4. Reporting of any element not listed in the composition table is not a basis for rejection, unless limits of acceptability are specified by the purchaser.
- 3.1.4 Check Analysis

Composition variations shall meet the applicable requirements of AMS2269.

## 3.2 Condition

Annealed. Annealing heat treatment shall be performed in an atmosphere yielding a bright finish. Alternately, product shall be chemically cleaned to produce a uniform finish. It is permissible to pickle prior to final cleaning treatment. Final chemical cleaning may take place after any final finishing (see 3.3.3). After final chemical cleaning, tube cleanliness shall be verified using the corrosion resistance test methods specified in AMS2700 for class 2 parts, or alternate method acceptable to the purchaser.

- 3.3 Fabrication
- 3.3.1 Tubing shall be produced by a seamless and drawn or a welded and drawn process. Finishing operations shall be performed prior to final annealing heat treatment. Tubing shall not be centerless ground. A light polish to improve external surface appearance or meet surface finish requirements may be employed after anneal and, if performed, the product shall be subsequently chemically cleaned.
- 3.3.2 Bore conditioning (see 2.2) is permitted after final anneal provided the tubing is not sized by metal removal methods beyond the allowable tolerances. If bore conditioning is used, 100% visual inspection of each tube shall be performed. The tube ID shall be uniformly shiny with no evidence of remnant material, neither metallic nor nonmetallic in nature.
- 3.3.3 Tubing shall be chemically cleaned after any ID or OD finishing that occurs after anneal.
- 3.3.4 Welded (Type 2) tubing shall be cold reduced after welding to remove the bead and any dimensional indication of the presence of welds.

## 3.4 Properties

Tubing shall conform to the following requirements:

## 3.4.1 Tensile Properties

Shall be as shown in Table 2, determined in accordance with ASTM E8/E8M.

## Table 2 - Minimum tensile properties

Property	Value
Tensile Strength	120 ksi (827 MPa)
Yield Strength at 0.2% Offset	60 ksi (414 MPa)
Elongation in 2 Inches (50 mm) or 4D, Minimum	35%

- 3.4.1.1 Unless otherwise specified, the strain rate shall be set at 0.005 in/in/min (0.005 mm/mm/min) and maintained within a tolerance of ±0.002 in/in/min (0.002 mm/mm/min) through 0.2% offset yield strain. The strain rate after yield may be increased to any value up to 0.5 in/in/min (or mm/mm/min) or equivalent crosshead speed as a function of gage length. The requirement for compliance becomes effective for material produced 1 year after the publication date of this document.
- 3.4.1.2 For tubing with an OD less than 1/8 inch (3.2 mm) or wall thickness under 0.015 inch (0.38 mm), alternate testing and acceptance methods may be agreed between the purchaser and the supplier (see 8.5).

#### 3.4.2 Flarability

Specimens as in 4.3.1 shall withstand flaring at room temperature, without formation of cracks or other visible defects, by being forced axially with steady pressure over a hardened and polished tapered steel pin having a 74-degree included angle to produce a flare having a permanent expanded OD not less than specified in Table 3.

Nominal OD Inches	Expanded OD Inches	Nominal OD Inches	Expanded OD Inches
0.125	0.200	0.750	0.937
0.188	0.302	1.000	1.187
0.250	0.359	1.250	1.500
0.312	0.421	1.500	1.721
0.375	0.484	1.750	2.106
0.500	0.656	2.000	2.356
0.625	0.781		

## Table 3A - Flarability, inch/pound units

#### Table 3B - Flarability, SI units

Nominal OD	Expanded OD	Nominal OD	Expanded OD
Millimeters	Millimeters	Millimeters	Millimeters
3.18	5.08	19.05	23.80
4.78	7.67	25.40	30.15
6.35	9.12	31.75	38.10
7.92	10.69	38.10	43.71
9.52	12.29	44.45	53.49
12.70	16.66	50.80	59.84
15.88	19.84		

3.4.2.1 Tubing with nominal OD between any two standard sizes given in Table 3 shall take the same percentage flare as shown for the larger of the two sizes.

# 3.4.3 Hydrostatic Test

Tubing shall withstand an internal hydrostatic pressure (P), based on Equation 1, without developing leaks, local bulges, or cracks and without an increase in mean diameter of more than 0.2%.

$$P = S \frac{D^2 - d^2}{D^2 + d^2}$$
(Eq. 1)

where:

P = test pressure in ksi (MPa)

S = 60.0 ksi (414 MPa)

D = maximum OD in inches (mm) (defined as nominal (i.e., order or specified) OD plus tolerance)

d = maximum ID in inches (mm) (maximum OD (D) minus twice the minimum wall thickness)

Mean diameter is the average of two diameters at right angles to each other in the same transverse plane; measurements before and after testing should be taken at substantially the same location.

## 3.4.4 Microstructure

Tubing shall reveal no continuous intergranular carbide precipitation when suitably etched and examined microscopically at 500X magnification. The presence of some discontinuous intergranular carbide precipitation shall not be considered detrimental if the other technical requirements are met. Standards for acceptance may be as agreed upon by purchaser and producer.

# 3.4.5 Average Grain Size

Shall be ASTM No. 5 or finer, determined in accordance with ASTM E112.

## 3.5 Quality

Tubing, as received by purchaser, shall be uniform in quality and condition and shall have a finish conforming to the best practice for high quality aircraft tubing. It shall be smooth and free from grease, oil and other foreign matter, heavy scale or oxide, burrs, seams, tears, grooves, laminations, slivers, pits, and other imperfections detrimental to usage of the tubing. Surface imperfections such as handling marks, straightening marks, light mandrel and die marks, and scale patterns are acceptable providing the imperfections are removable within the tolerances specified for wall thickness but removal of such imperfections is not required.

- 3.5.1 A clean white cloth or plug drawn or blown through the length of the bore of a test sample at least 12 inches (30 cm) in length, shall show no visual evidence of metallic flakes or particles. Discoloration of the cloth or plug, without the presence of flakes or particles, is acceptable. Alternate methods for evaluating tube cleanliness may be used for tubing 0.500 inch (12.7 mm) and under ID.
- 3.5.2 Tubing shall be subjected to either ultrasonic or eddy current inspection in accordance with ASTM B751, ASTM B829 except that suspect indications shall not be accepted based on visual observation (i.e., indications must be either rejected or reconditioned and retested to pass the test). Alternate methods of inspection may be used when approved by the cognizant engineering organization for tube 0.25 inch (0.64 cm) and under in nominal diameter.

## 3.6 Tolerances

Shall conform to of AMS2263.

# 3.7 Exceptions

Any exceptions shall be authorized by the purchaser and reported as in 4.4.1.

# 4. QUALITY ASSURANCE PROVISIONS

## 4.1 Responsibility for Inspection

The producer of tubing shall supply all samples for producer's tests and shall be responsible for the performance of all required tests. Purchaser reserves the right to sample and to perform any confirmatory testing deemed necessary to ensure that the tubing conforms to specified requirements.

- 4.2 Classification of Tests
- 4.2.1 Acceptance Tests

Composition (3.1), tensile properties (3.4.1), hydrostatic test (3.4.3), microstructure (3.4.4), average grain size (3.4.5), quality (3.5), and tolerances (3.6) are acceptance tests and shall be performed on each heat or lot as applicable.

- 4.2.1.1 Nondestructive inspection per 3.5.2 shall be performed on each finished tube to assure the requirements of 3.5 are met. This requirement shall become effective (1 YEAR AFTER PUBLICATION DATE).
- 4.2.2 Periodic Tests

Flarability (3.4.2) is a periodic test and shall be performed at a frequency selected by the producer unless frequency of testing is specified by purchaser.

4.3 Sampling and Testing

Shall be in accordance with AMS2371 and the following:

- 4.3.1 Specimens for flarability (3.4.2) test shall be full tubes or sections cut from a tube. The end of the specimen to be flared shall be cut square, with the cut end smooth and free from burrs, but not rounded.
- 4.4 Reports

The producer of tubing shall furnish with each shipment a report showing the producer's name and country where the metal was melted (e.g., final melt in the case of metal processed by multiple melting operations) and the results of tests for composition of each heat and for tensile properties, hydrostatic test, microstructure, and average grain size of each lot, and stating that the product conforms to the other technical requirements including the NDT method and acceptance standard used. This report shall include the purchase order number, heat and lot numbers, AMS5581G, size, and quantity.

- 4.4.1 When material produced to this specification has exceptions taken to the technical requirements listed in Section 3, the report shall contain a statement "This material is certified as AMS5581G(EXC) because of the following exceptions:" and the specific exceptions shall be listed (also see 5.2.1).
- 4.5 Resampling and Retesting

Shall be in accordance with AMS2371.

- 5. PREPARATION FOR DELIVERY
- 5.1 Sizes

Except when exact lengths or multiples of exact lengths are ordered, straight tubing will be acceptable in mill lengths of 6 to 20 feet (1.8 to 6.1 m) but not more than 10% of any shipment shall be supplied in lengths shorter than 10 feet (3 m).

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## 5.2 Identification

Shall be in accordance with AMS2807 for hydraulic tubing.

5.2.1 When technical exceptions are taken (see 4.4.1), the material shall be identified with AMS5581G(EXC).

5.3 Packaging

Tubing shall be prepared for shipment in accordance with commercial practice and in compliance with applicable rules and regulations pertaining to the handling, packaging, and transportation of the tubing to ensure carrier acceptance and safe delivery.

## 6. ACKNOWLEDGMENT

A producer shall mention this specification number and its revision letter in all quotations and when acknowledging purchase orders.

## 7. REJECTIONS

Tubing not conforming to this specification, or to modifications authorized by purchaser, will be subject to rejection.

## 8. NOTES

8.1 Revision Indicator

A change bar (I) located in the left margin is for the convenience of the user in locating areas where technical revisions, not editorial changes, have been made to the previous issue of this document. An (R) symbol to the left of the document title indicates a complete revision of the document, including technical revisions. Change bars and (R) are not used in original publications, nor in documents that contain editorial changes only.

- 8.2 Dimensions and properties in inch/pound units and the Fahrenheit temperatures are primary; dimensions and properties in SI units and the Celsius temperatures are shown as the approximate equivalents of the primary units and are presented only for information.
- 8.3 Unless otherwise specified, the material producer shall work to the revision of this specification (AMS5581) in effect on the date of order placement. Unless otherwise specified, material manufactured and certified to the immediately previous revision of this specification (AMS5581) may be procured and used until inventory is depleted.
- 8.4 It is the purchaser's obligation to ensure that product they procure or resell as AMS5581G has any exceptions approved by their subsequent purchaser.

8.5 Purchase documents should specify not less than the following:

AMS5581G Type and size of tubing desired Quantity of tubing desired Alternate mechanical test method and acceptance requirements (see 3.4.1.2) Microstructure acceptance standards (see 3.4.4)

PREPARED BY SAE AMS F CORROSION AND HEAT RESISTANT ALLOYS COMMITTEE